



Testing the Public Key Infrastructure

An automated and modularized approach

Stephen Corlett

May 2014

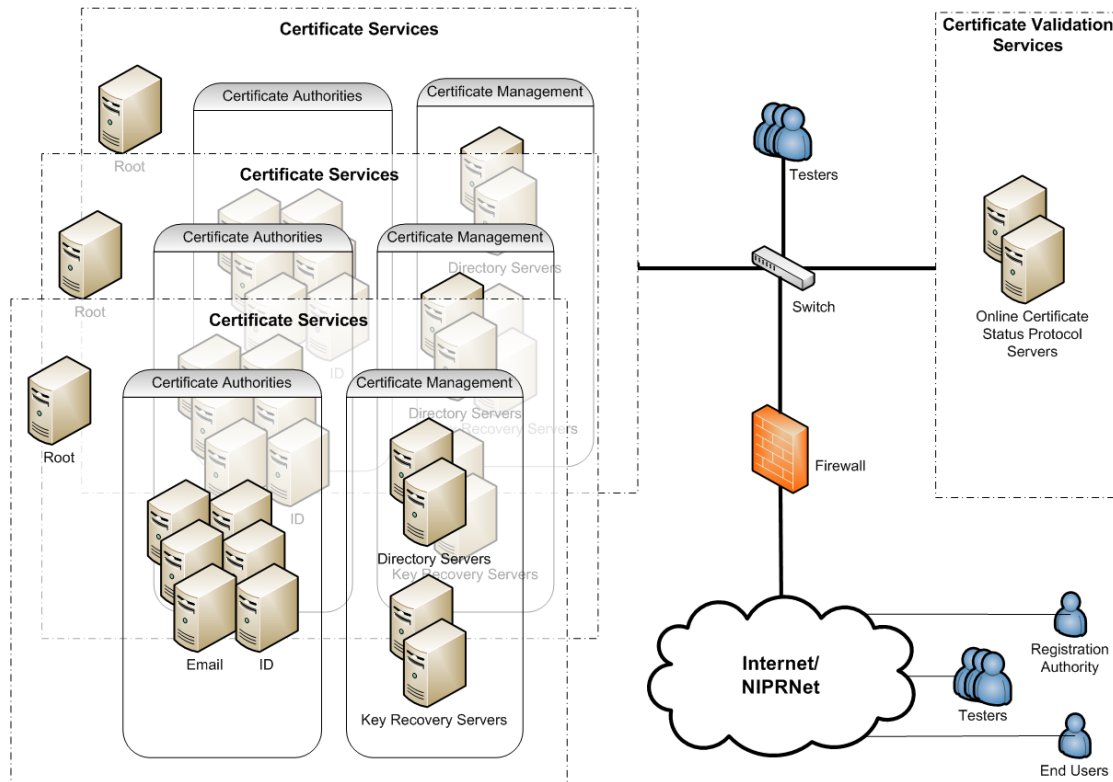
ITEA Workshop, Las Vegas NV

▶ Discussion

- Current state
- Test methods
- Test system design and implementation
- End state

► Current State

- Growing enclave of systems
 - Multiple certificate issuance servers staged over time
 - Support systems manage certificate lifecycle
 - Systems manage certificate validation



▶ Current State – Testing Methodologies

- Manual test of system:
 - Introduction of new equipment – major releases
 - Ad hoc and at direction of Program Management Office (PMO)
 - Daily/weekly Configuration Management (CM) changes
- Existing tools
 - In-house applications and scripts
 - Largely manual execution
- Untapped tools
 - Open source System Monitoring Server (SMS)

▶ Test Methods – Understanding Monitoring Systems

■ The SMS

- Common core of scripts/applications
- Uses object definition model
 - Defined as all elements needed to perform monitoring on a system
 - Defined using internal configuration and template files
 - Highly configurable
- Uses built-in CGIs and user customizable scripts
 - PKI uses previously developed scripts and develops new
 - Look at limited return states (with definition):
 - 0 = OK
 - 1 = Warning
 - 2 = Critical
 - 3 = Unknown
- Can use agents on object systems
- Scripts run on automated, time-based schedule; require manual execution for special run.

▶ Test Methods – Plugin Techniques

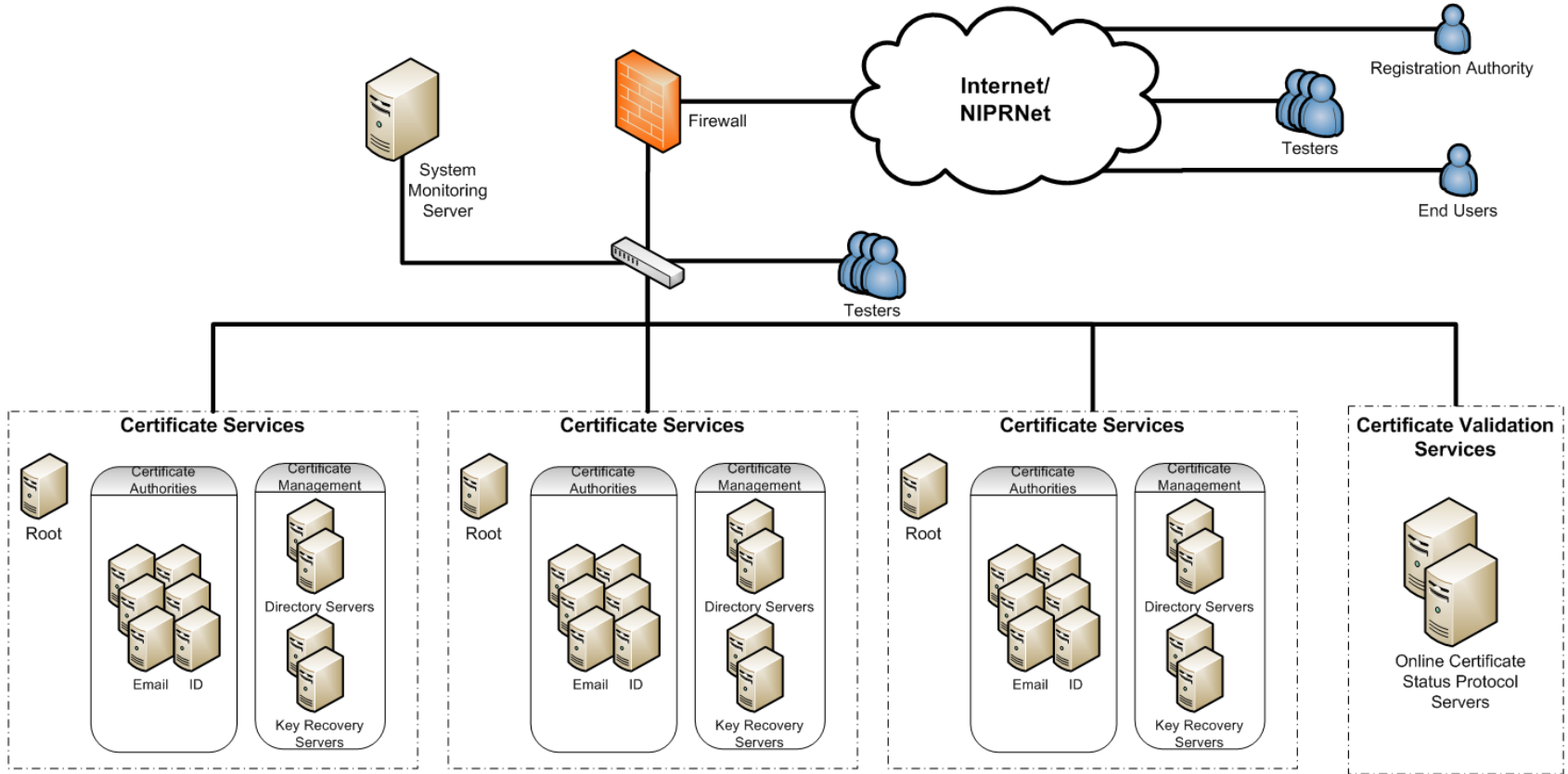
- Multiple script and high level languages: Perl, C, and shell based Application Programming Interface (API)
- Exit codes must adhere to API (0-3 w/description)
- Exits codes can mean anything the developer wants
 - A “1” could mean “service generated product but not within specified time requirement.”
- Existing scripts also contain logging functions
 - Scripts that exist perform logging of results for later reporting
 - Scripts easily modified to integrate with SMS functions
 - Use the SMS dashboard for immediate results/state; log results for more detailed reports.
- Full interface test and monitor
 - Code to exercise all elements of web-based user interface
 - Each step logged; final result reported to the SMS as state

▶ Test Methods – Objects to Test Matrix

- Scripts are reusable throughout enclave
 - Certificate request, search, retrieval, key recovery, and other services common
 - Based on common interface and product delivery
- Configuration and object definition define script usage
 - Commands can execute scripts consecutively or in parallel
 - Commands pass configuration and definition information to scripts

Script \ Object	CA (w/services)	Key Recovery (w/services)	Directory Server	OCSP
Search	X	X		
CRL retrieval				X
Key recovery		X	X	
Certificate request/ retrieval	X	X	X	

► Test System Design and Implementation



▶ End State

- SMS connected to all objects to be tested
- Modularity - Scripts reusable based on configuration and definitions
 - Report via SMS API and logging structure
 - Additional non-API scripts gather and report on logged data
- Scripts run via timed schedule and report state to the SMS dashboard
- Script collection able to be executed ad hoc via command line
- Provides answer to three testing needs:
 - Major release (partial – must consider external involvement)
 - Ad hoc and PMO requested
 - CM activity baselining



▶ References

- EE Times. Public Key Infrastructure Overview | EE Times. (n.d.). *EE Times*. Retrieved May 5, 2014, from http://www.eetimes.com/document.asp?doc_id=1275792